

PHOTO COUPLER

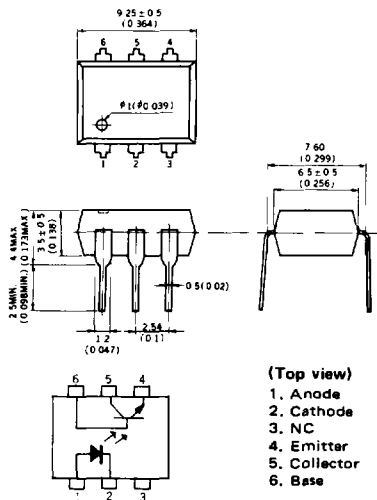
— NEPOC SERIES —

DESCRIPTION

The PS2003B is an optically coupled isolator containing a GaAs light emitting diode and an NPN silicon photo transistor.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

in millimeters (inches)



FEATURES

- High isolation voltage 2500V_{DC} Rating
- High transfer ratio 20% MIN.
- High speed switching $t_r, t_f = 5.0 \mu s$ TYP.
- Economical, compact, Dual In-Line Plastic Package

APPLICATIONS

- Interface circuit for various instrumentations, control equipments.
- Chopper circuits.
- Computer and peripheral manufactures.
- Pulse transformer.
- Data communication equipment.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

Diode			
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5.0	V
Forward Current	I _F	40	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	100	mW
Transistor			
Collector to Emitter Voltage	V _{CEO}	30	V
Collector Current	I _C	50	mA
Power Dissipation	P _C	150	mW
Isolation Voltage*1	BV	2500	V _{DC}
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +125	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{opt}	-55 to +100	°C

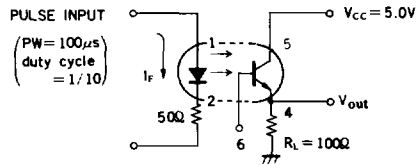
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS
Diode	Forward Voltage	V _F		1.1	1.4	V	I _F = 20 mA
	Reverse Current	I _R			20	μA	V _R = 4.0V
	Junction Capacitance	C		40		pF	V = 0, f = 1.0 MHz
Transistor	Collector to Emitter Dark Current	I _{CEO}			200	nA	V _{CE} = 10V, I _F = 0
	DC Current Gain	h _{FE}		700			I _C = 4.0mA, V _{CE} = 5.0V
Coupled	Current Transfer Ratio	CTR(I _C /I _F)	20			%	I _F = 20 mA, V _{CE} = 5.0V
	Collector Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(sat)}			0.3	V	I _F = 20 mA, I _C = 2.0 mA
	Isolation Resistance	R ₁₋₂	10 ¹¹			Ω	V _{in-out} = 1.0 kV
	Isolation Capacitance	C ₁₋₂		0.8		pF	V = 0, f = 1.0 MHz
	Rise Time	t _r		5.0		μs	V _{CC} = 5.0V, I _F = 20 mA, R _L = 100Ω*2
Fall Time	t _f		5.0		μs	V _{CC} = 5.0V, I _F = 20 mA, R _L = 100Ω*2	

* 1 Measuring Condition

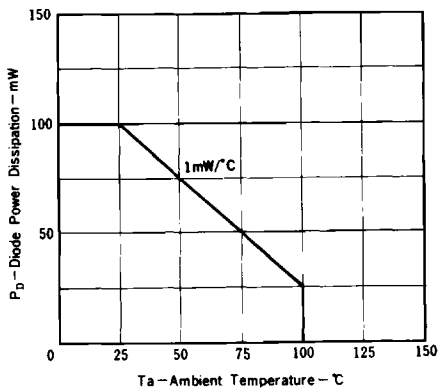
DC or AC voltage for 1 minute at Ta = 25°C,
RH = 60%
Between input (pin No. 1, 2 and No. 3 Common)
and output (pin No. 4, 5 and No. 6 Common)

* 2 Test Circuit for Switching Time

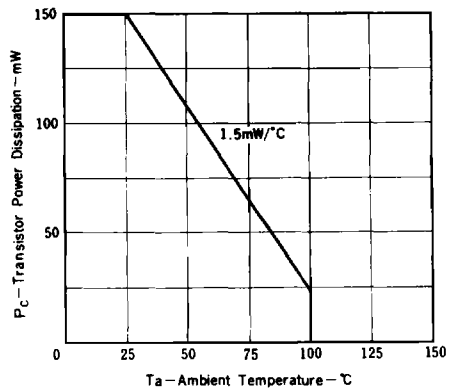


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

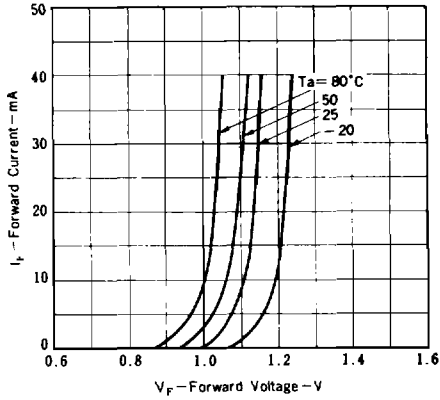
DIODE POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



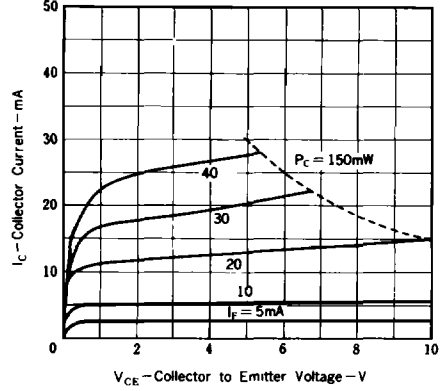
TRANSISTOR POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



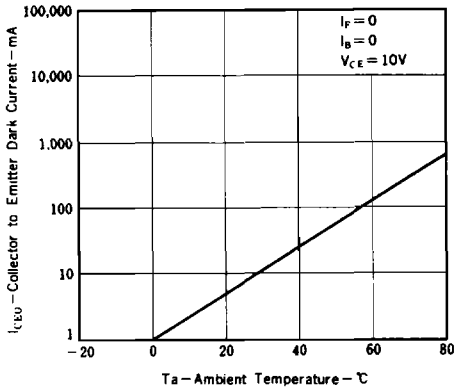
FORWARD CURRENT vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



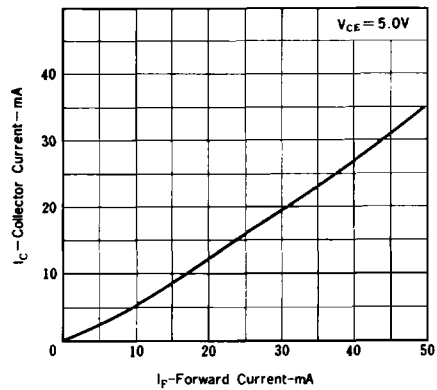
COLLECTOR CURRENT vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



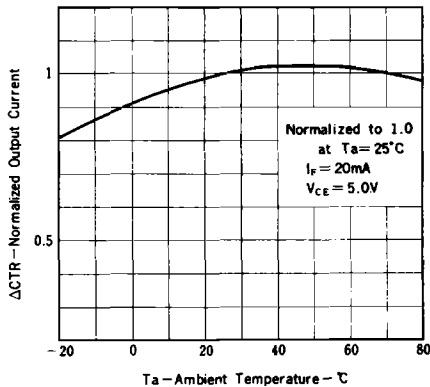
COLLECTOR TO EMITTER DARK CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



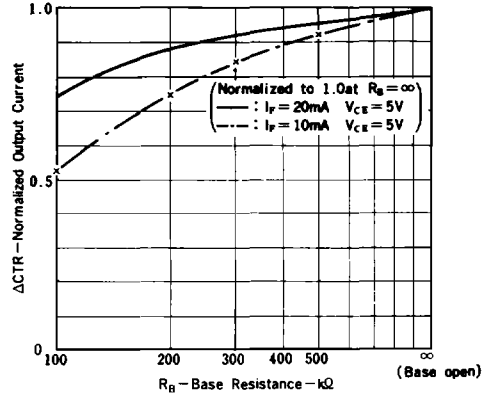
COLLECTOR CURRENT vs. FORWARD CURRENT



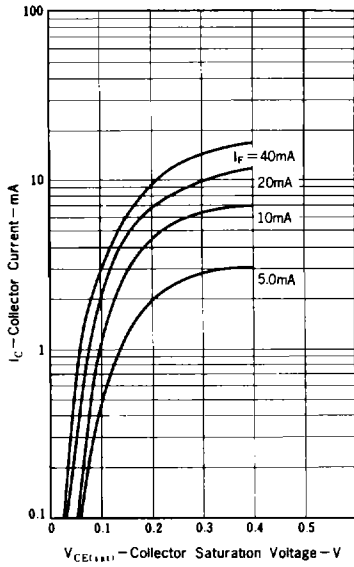
NORMALIZED OUTPUT CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



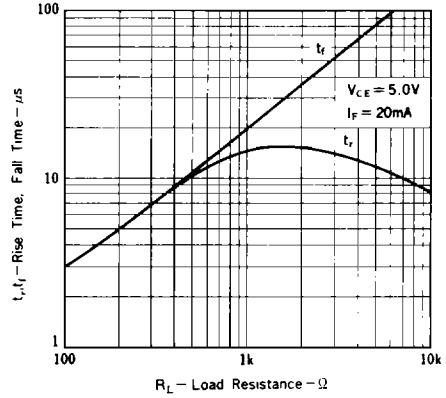
NORMALIZED OUTPUT CURRENT vs. BASE RESISTANCE



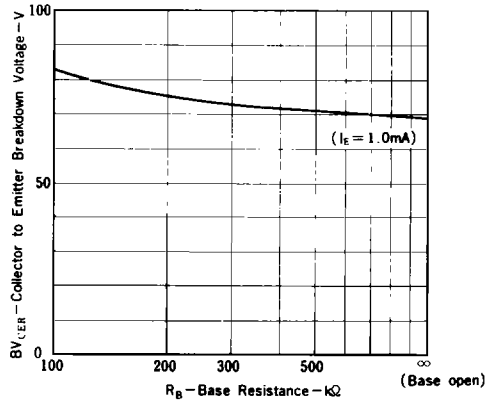
COLLECTOR CURRENT vs. COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE



SWITCHING TIME vs. LOAD RESISTANCE



COLLECTOR TO EMITTER BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs. BASE RESISTANCE



FREQUENCY RESPONSE

